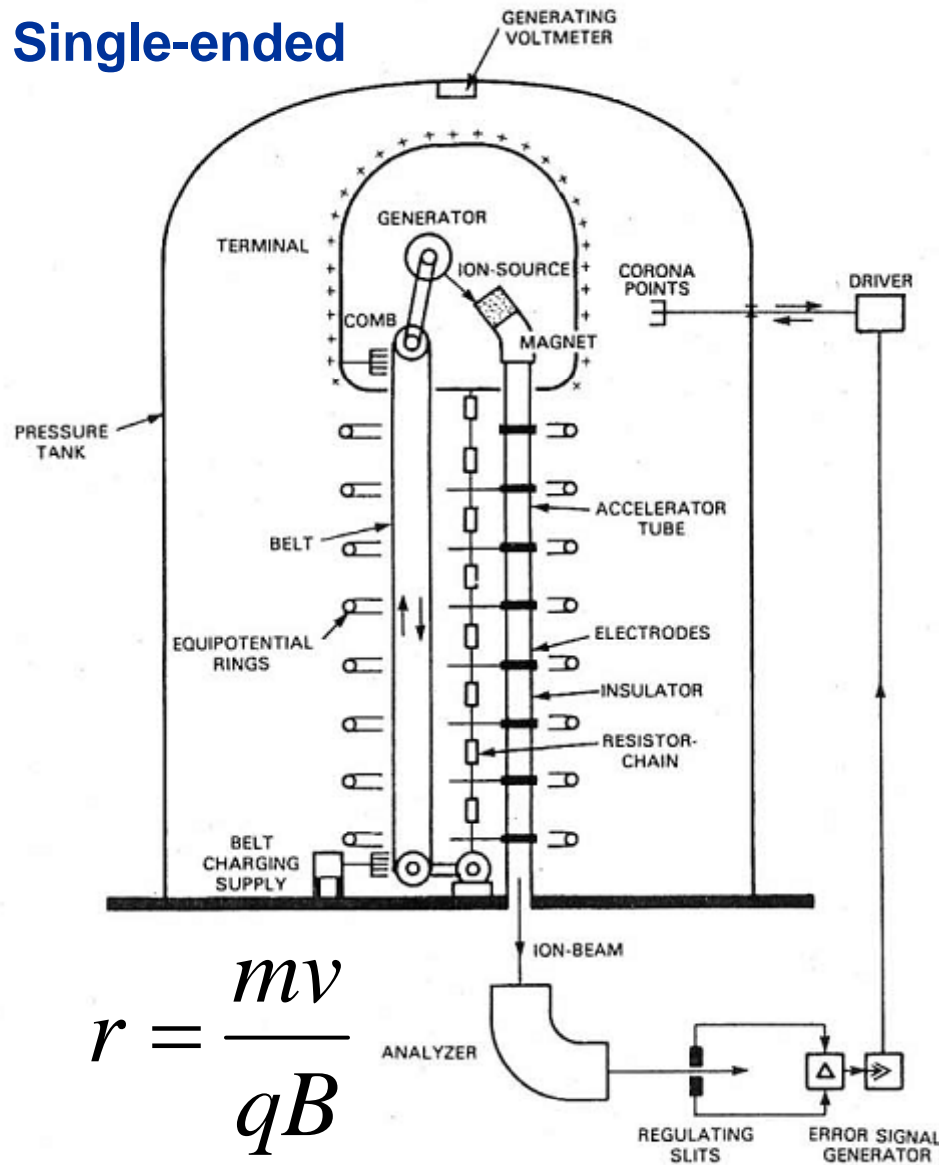


Van de Graaff

Single-ended



$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$I_{belt} = I_{beam} + I_{ins} + I_{cor} + I_{res}.$$

1 mA maximum

- $V \uparrow \blacktriangleright$ beam bending $\downarrow \blacktriangleright$
- higher current at one slit \blacktriangleright
- error signal moves corona points closer to terminal \blacktriangleright
- $I_{cor} \uparrow \blacktriangleright V \downarrow.$

Beam Properties

Lorentz's Force

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

Change in energy

Circular path

$$T = qV$$

Charge state

$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}, \quad \vec{v} \perp \vec{B}$$

Beam Properties

- Beam energy. (Terminal voltage, TOF, Wien filter, calibration →)
- Energy spread. →
- Energy stability.
- Purity. Example ${}^3\text{He}$ ion beam contaminated with DH^+

$$\frac{{}^3\text{He}({}^3\text{He}, 2p){}^4\text{He}}{{}^3\text{He}(d, p){}^4\text{He}} = \frac{\exp(-2\pi\eta)({}^3\text{He} + {}^3\text{He})}{\exp(-2\pi\eta)({}^3\text{He} + d)} = ? \quad \text{HW 8}$$

at different energies.

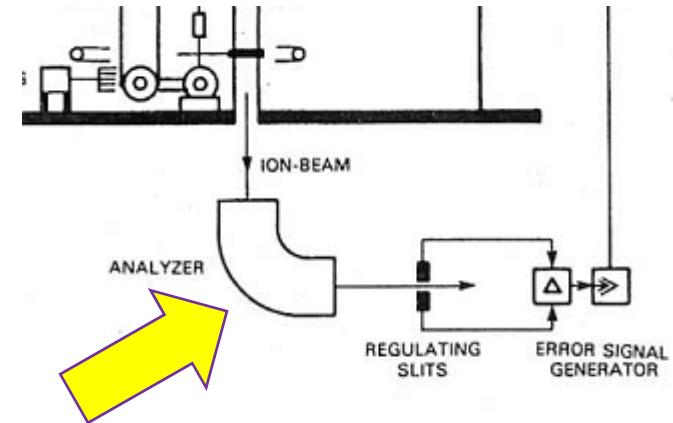
- Charge state. Important for interpreting integrated charge measurement.

Beam Properties

$$r = \frac{(2mE)^{1/2}}{qB} \left(1 + \frac{E}{2mc^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

HW 9

$$r = \frac{1}{qBc} (2mc^2E + E^2)^{1/2}$$



- B is measured using Hall or **NMR** probes.
- Fringe effects.
- Magnetic constant

$$K = qB / (2mc^2E + E^2)^{1/2}$$

$$f = A \sqrt{ME \left(1 + \frac{E}{2Mc^2} \right)}$$

